

# New Zealand Hospital Pharmacists' Association Incorporated Te Kāhui Whakarite Rongoā Hōhipera o Aotearoa

# Hospital Pharmacy National Career Framework

# Implementation Toolkit

A toolkit to support the implementation of the NZHPA Hospital Pharmacy National Career Framework within hospital pharmacy services

Version 1 February 2017

### **Forewords**

This welcome initiative articulates the development path for the hospital pharmacy workforce to enable their optimal contribution to better health outcomes for the people of New Zealand.

Pharmacists are an integral part of people's experience of hospital based healthcare, they play a key role at the interface between primary and secondary care, and the current system does not make the best use of their unique skillset. Although there are many examples of pharmacists in leading edge innovative practice, some roles still focus on the supply of medicines, yet they have much to contribute to the safe and effective use of medicines and the reduction of medicine related harm. Better use of pharmacy technicians and pharmacy assistants will enable this and it is pleasing to see this framework and toolkit speaks to the development of the entire hospital based pharmacy workforce.

Recently we refreshed the New Zealand Health Strategy and five key themes were identified; People-powered, closer to home, value and high performance, one team and smart systems. One team identifies the need for the healthcare team to be operating in a high-trust system that works together with the person and their family and whanau at the centre of care. There is a need to use all of our health and disability workforce in the most effective and most flexible ways and to develop leadership, talent and workforce skills across the system.

The pharmacist workforce is young and highly qualified, yet their skills remain underutilised, despite good evidence supporting better use of these skills to improve health outcomes and medicines safety. The recently published Pharmacy Action Plan seeks to unlock the pharmacists' full potential, enabling them to deliver maximum value to the health system and contribute to the objectives of the New Zealand Health Strategy.

Workforce development is identified in the Action Plan as a key tool for change in delivering integrated, people powered high performing healthcare services that make the best use of all members of the healthcare team. This initiative is strongly aligned with both the Health Strategy and the Pharmacy Action Plan.

The framework and toolkit describe explicit development pathways for pharmacists, pharmacy technicians and pharmacy assistants that enable the hospital pharmacy workforce to realise its full potential as a member of a high-trust integrated team delivering health services that put the person at the centre of their care.

It is reassuring to see that this is a national initiative. It provides an opportunity to transform the hospital pharmacy workforce to deliver better health outcomes for the people of New Zealand. It also has potential to serve as a model for pharmacy workforce development across the entire pharmacy sector.

I congratulate Te Kahui Whakarite Rongoa Hohipera o Aotearoa (New Zealand Hospital Pharmacists' Association) for the leadership they have shown in developing this initiative and would like to

encourage the sector including DHBs to actively engage with this framework for developing the pharmacy workforce to the benefit of the people of New Zealand.

#### **Andi Shirtcliffe**

**Chief Advisor Pharmacy** 



The NZHPA Hospital Pharmacy National Career Framework for pharmacists and technicians is a significant step for the future of our profession.

Pharmacists are the experts in medicines management, a field that is becoming more complex as technology to produce new medicines evolves and new roles are emerging that require specialist knowledge and skills. In some cases the skills and knowledge will be taught, in others they may be acquired through experiential learning on the job. The NZHPA Career Framework provides a structure for the progressive development of a career in hospital pharmacy. It professionally recognises the extra skills learned either formally or on the job and it gives pharmacists a clear future direction.

For pharmacists to practice to the best of their ability they need to be supported by a competent group of pharmacy technicians. The Hospital Pharmacy National Career Framework provides a pathway for pharmacy technicians to grow and develop in their role as an integral part of the pharmacy team.

The Career Framework will provide a greater sense of direction of the hospital pharmacy workforce and contribute to better outcomes for patients and collaboration across the multidisciplinary teams. I wish NZHPA every success with the launch of the Career Framework. Community and primary care pharmacy has much to learn from this exciting initiative.

#### **Graeme Smith**

President



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### Introduction

Welcome to the New Zealand Hospital Pharmacists' Association (NZHPA) National Career Framework implementation toolkit. The NZHPA National Career Framework was developed following a consultation with hospital pharmacy staff and other key stakeholders which identified the need for a consistent and transparent career structure to support the development of all hospital pharmacy staff<sup>1</sup>. The framework was developed following an inventory and analysis of job descriptions for a range of roles from most of the hospitals in New Zealand, and drew upon best practice career development tools locally and internationally. Hospital pharmacy staff were involved extensively in the development process through a series of workshops, open consultation and the feasibility testing of the framework in 2015<sup>2</sup>. The framework was developed with both current and future roles in mind.

The framework consists of an overview of the career pathway for pharmacists, pharmacy technicians and pharmacy assistants with profiles to describe expectations of practice at the different levels of practice. The overview also describes associated tools to assess competence, the recommended contribution of postgraduate study and the links with advanced practice.

The recently released Pharmacy Action Plan<sup>3</sup> describes 'a future in which pharmacist services, as an essential part of a people-powered integrated model of care, are delivered in innovative ways, across a broad range of settings, so that all New Zealanders have equitable access to medicines and health care services'. The aim of the Pharmacy Action Plan is to unlock pharmacists' full potential so that they can deliver maximum value to the health system and contribute to the objectives of the New Zealand Health Strategy<sup>4</sup>. Internationally, the importance of workforce development and workforce planning for healthcare reform and the need for a capable and competent workforce has been highlighted. The International Pharmaceutical Federation have recently described a range of tools to assist in developing the pharmacy workforce including the use of practitioner development frameworks and the need to develop the pharmacy support workforce<sup>5</sup>.

The need to develop the role of the pharmacy technician is also addressed in order to enable this vision for pharmacists and pharmacy technicians to work at the top of their scope and to deal with increasingly complex patients and situations in an appropriate, safe and equitable manner. The NZHPA National Career Framework has been developed to support the development of hospital pharmacy staff and will directly contribute to supporting the workforce development goals within the Pharmacy Action Plan.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> J. Wrapson, "Report to New Zealand Hospital Pharmacists' Association Executive. The Potential Development of a Nationally Agreeed Career and Salary Structure for Hospital Pharmacy Staff," New Zealand Hospital Pharmacists' Association, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R. Chauhan, "NZHPA Career Structure Survey Results," New Zealand Hospital Pharmacists' Association, Wellington, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Ministry of Health. 2016. *Pharmacy Action Plan 2016 to 2020*. Wellington: Ministry of Health.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ministry of Health. 2016. *New Zealand Health Strategy*. Wellington: Ministry of Health.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> International Pharmaceutical Federation – FIP (2016). Transforming Our Workforce. The Hague, The Netherlands: International Pharmaceutical Federation.

This toolkit is designed to be a 'how to guide for implementing the National Career Framework' for hospitals, hospital pharmacy managers, their pharmacy services and staff. The toolkit supports and guides on the processes that pharmacy services should consider undertaking in order to ensure a consistent and seamless introduction of the National Career Framework. This toolkit builds on the experience gained from testing the feasibility of the framework during 2015. It is to be used as a guide only. Each organisation that implements the Hospital Pharmacy National Career Framework must decide for themselves the most appropriate approach for their particular circumstances.

The NZHPA National Career Framework sets out a clear career structure which guides and advances practice to enable the transparent understanding of practice at each level for pharmacists and other health care professionals working with them. The focus of this toolkit is to guide the organisational level implementation of the framework.

The full report on the Hospital Pharmacy National Career Framework Phase 3 Report (along with an Executive Summary) is available at <a href="https://www.nzhpa.org.nz">www.nzhpa.org.nz</a>.

# Part 1 The NZHPA National Hospital Pharmacy Career Framework

The framework provides an overview of the career structure and a detailed profile for each staff group (pharmacists, pharmacy technicians and pharmacy assistants) to describe the expectations of practice at each level.

#### Career structure overview

This overview describes how the levels for each staff group link to expected qualifications including the contribution of postgraduate study. Descriptors of expected practice and the associated tools to assess competence and links with advanced practice are also described. Figure 1 shows part of the pharmacist career structure overview.

The overviews for each staff group can be found in Appendices 1-3.

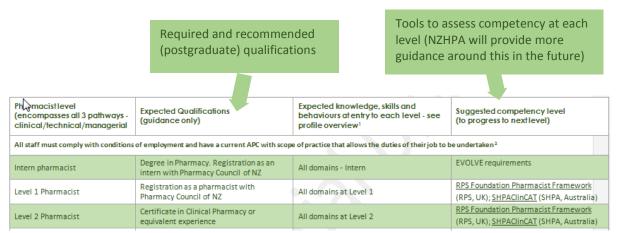


Figure 1 Sample of Pharmacist career structure overview

Figure 2 shows in more detail the anticipated links between the career framework and other associated activities, processes and tools for pharmacists and recommended postgraduate qualifications. It is important to note that there is no remit within this framework to make the recommended postgraduate qualifications mandatory.

#### **Profiles**

A role profile is available for pharmacists, pharmacy technicians and pharmacy assistants (Appendices 4-6) to provide the detail for the career framework. They describe clear and transparent expectations of practice at each level and provide consistency in relation to experience, qualifications and competencies at a specific level. The profiles cover the continuum from trainee to experienced practitioner. Figure 3 show an excerpt from the Pharmacy Technician Profile.

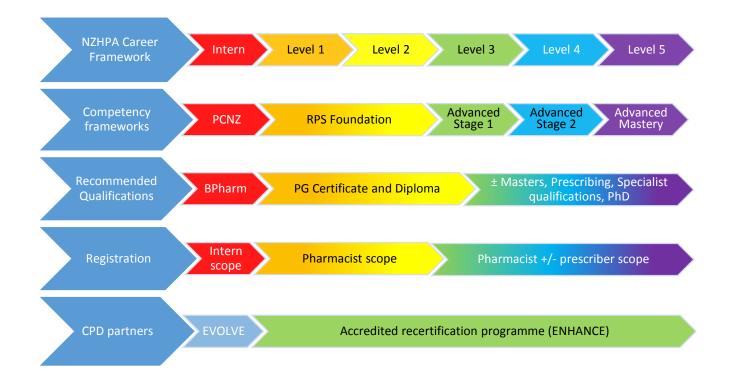


Figure 2 Relationship between NZHPA Career Framework and associated career development tools and processes

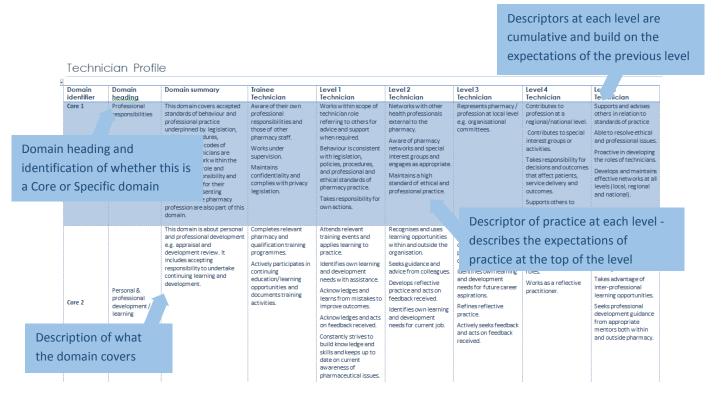


Figure 3 Sample from Pharmacy Technician Profile

#### **Descriptors**

Important points about each descriptor

- The descriptors for each domain, at each level, are cumulative and build on the expectations of the previous level.
- The descriptors for each level describe the expectations of practice at the top of the level (as opposed to entry level practice for that level).
- Not all examples will apply in each situation. Descriptors are intended to be enabling rather than as barriers to development.

Note that there is an additional Level of Pharmacy Manager within the pharmacist profile (Appendix 4). This is intended to describe additional expectations of practice of a pharmacy manager regardless of the level the role is assigned at.

#### **Domains**

The framework identifies 14 domains to describe all the areas of practice for pharmacists, technicians and assistants. These domains consist of those activities core to all roles and those optional or specific to each role and are listed below:

#### The 'core' domains cover

- 1. Professional responsibilities
- 2. Personal & professional development/learning
- 3. Education & training (of others)
- 4. Cultural competence
- 5. Communication & teamwork
- 6. Planning and organising
- 7. Research, analysis and information delivery
- 8. Reasoning & judgment
- 9. Quality, safety & risk management
- 10. Policy & service development
- 11. Financial & physical resources

#### The optional or 'specific' domains cover

- 12. Technical practice
- 13. Clinical practice (Patient Centred Care)
- 14. Leadership and management

The separation of 'core' and 'specific' domains is to enable flexibility to describe the variety of practice that occurs as staff progress in their careers. **Error! Reference source not found.** illustrates some examples of this in practice.

- Levels 1 (yellow) and 2 (green) (junior pharmacists and technicians, many of whom will be in rotational roles) would be expected have all core and specific domains at the relevant level.
- From Level 3 onwards there is likely to be divergence in practice. A staff member will need to have the core domains and at least one specific

**domain** at the level specified for that



Figure 4 Illustration of core and specific domains in practice

role. The other specific domains can be at a lower level with a minimum of Level 3. The purple example in Figure 4 is of an experienced senior clinical pharmacist who is working at Level 4 for all core and clinical domains, but only needs technical and managerial skills at Level 3.

#### Potential uses for the framework

It is envisaged that the career framework can be utilised in a range of ways across the sector.

- The framework can provide a well-structured and stimulating programme for staff development that is consistent across New Zealand. It can help to provide a consistent point of reference and help enable the standardisation of practice.
- 2. When the NZHPA career framework and associated tools are applied consistently within each workplace it will help to create a shared understanding of what staff at each level can do and how they can contribute to patient care. This will help both pharmacy staff and other health care professionals to know who has the skills and experience needed in a given situation in a way that our current plethora of diverse job titles does not.
- 3. As a basis for pharmacy services to:
  - inform service planning and skill mix
    - determining staffing structures and setting of roles to appropriate levels to meet service needs
  - assist in and improve recruitment and retention
    - design of job /
      position
      descriptions,
      interview questions,
      staff appraisal
  - understand professional development needs of individuals and how to support them
    - gap analysis of learning and development needs for individuals and

#### Flexible application for larger and smaller departments

During the development and testing of the framework DHBs indicated they would need to have flexibility to apply the framework according to their local needs. Two models primarily emerged from this discussion:

- Application to roles. The profile is used to map the roles within the department and in order to progress up levels an individual must apply for a role at the next level. This model is most likely to be used in medium to larger departments with a hierarchical staffing structure.
- Application to individuals. The profile is used to map individuals to the appropriate level. Progress up the levels is possible by internal promotion following successful demonstration of achievement of the expectations at the relevant level. This model is more likely to be used in smaller departments with flatter staffing structures and often longer term stable staffing.

groups of staff and planning to meet those needs in a proactive way

4. As a self-assessment tool for individuals to guide their professional development and career planning and to have a clear understanding of the expectations of practice in their role.

### Assessing achievement against the framework

The decision regarding the achievement of the expectations of practice at a given level, indicating readiness to move to the next level (either by gaining a new role at that level or by internal promotion), is expected to occur locally.

Individuals will need to demonstrate that they have achieved the expectations of practice at their designated level. To do this, individuals will need to compile their evidence within a portfolio. This portfolio could be used to support an

- application for a new role
- application for internal promotion
- performance appraisal
- merit progression

Moving forward the NZHPA is looking at the use of internationally recognised competency frameworks to support the assessment and demonstration of the expected practice outlined by the career framework. Ideally we would like to see mechanisms available for individuals to submit their portfolios and gain external internationally recognised accreditation of their level of practice.

# Part 2 Guidance and tools for implementation of the framework

### Leadership

Leadership of this change process is a crucial element for success. There must be clear, visible and strong leadership to engage all the key players in this process and drive the activities needed for change. Designated leadership can come from an individual or from a team. Whichever works best in your workplace, this toolkit will help guide the leader(s) through the aspects to consider.



Who will lead the implementation of the national career framework within your organisation?

#### A vision for change

A clear vision of end goal is an important first step – while a shared vision for change developed with all stakeholders is needed, a meaningful goal or vision needs to be articulated to engage stakeholders in the first instance. In order to develop and articulate this preliminary goal, leaders will need to consider

- What is the current situation and the challenges and benefits of that?
- What are the drivers for change locally and nationally?
- How would implementing this career framework assist with meeting stakeholder needs to
  - improve patient care
  - develop career progression opportunities for staff
  - enable staff to work at top of scope in order to expand service delivery?

The development of a brief initial statement will capture people's interest and provide the supporting information or evidence to engage specific groups who need to support the project. Describe clear goals and outcomes that you are trying to achieve as a service and how these link to organisational and national priorities. Brief summaries of the case for change may need to be provided for each target group.

Some ideas identified from the feasibility testing sites that could be relevant to your organisation include:

- The ability to contribute to up skilling staff to achieve the goals within the Pharmacy Action Plan
- Helps to ensure a robust performance management system is in place
- Helps to ensure there is meaningful differentiation in roles and responsibilities
- Decisions about levels and steps become very transparent, including the merit process
- While the process may itself not achieve service improvement, the process may assist in the identification and development of new roles



Image created by Creative Stall from Noun Project



What is your preliminary vision / goal for implementation within your organisation?

How will you communicate this vision to potential stakeholders?

#### Resourcing and prioritisation

The organisation must have the resources and commitment to undertake this project. If the pharmacy service (and organisation) have a number of other high profile commitments or competing priorities, this will impact on the ability and readiness of the service to implement and manage any structural career change processes.

The size of the organisation, the number of staff, any existing frameworks and processes undertaken or are already in place will all affect the scope, duration and resource requirement of the project. Implementation timeframe will depend on the size of the service and the organisation. A phased approach to implementation may be useful. A worksheet for identifying likely resource requirements can be found in Appendix 7.



How does the national career framework implementation fit with organisational priorities?

Are there adequate resources to achieve your goals in a realistic timescale?

### Stakeholder engagement

A range of stakeholders will need to be engaged and their buy-in secured to ensure the successful implementation of the framework. You need to understand where support (or lack thereof) may come from. You will need to consider who the key stakeholders are in your organisation and what they need to understand in relation to the project goals and objectives. Likely stakeholders could include (but are not limited to):

- Pharmacy staff
- Organisational leadership to obtain the active support of Executive members of the organisation and liaise with Clinical Governance groups as appropriate
- Human Resources (HR) advisors
- Unions

HR advisors need to be involved from the beginning to support any process where roles may be changed or new roles created. HR advisors should work with the team involved to evaluate job descriptions against the career framework profiles and ensure bias does not permeate into the process. Unions must be actively involved in the process and work in partnership to ensure implementation occurs in a timely and systematic manner. Unions can also be utilised to talk to members, answering queries or concerns.

Consider how best to engage with each of the stakeholder groups in your organisation – individual or group meetings, email dissemination of information etc. Tools such as the Stakeholder Assessment Worksheet (Appendix 8) can assist you in assessing the interests of your potential stakeholders and how best to engage and include them.



Who are your key stakeholders?

What are the best ways to engage with them in the process and gain their buy in?

#### Barriers and enablers

Identifying and understanding potential barriers and enablers can assist in engaging your key stakeholders. Summarise any hindrances that occur with the current structure and outline why the service needs to implement the National Career Framework. Examples of potential barriers and motivating factors from the feasibility testing that may be useful include:

- Flat staffing structure which lacks definition of roles and/or responsibilities of positions
- The current structure may not support the need for generalist roles or specialised roles to undertake identified tasks or meet future patient care and health service delivery needs
- Lack of appropriate resources to meet workload
- Current structure may not support career development or progression and may lack consistency in application (in terms of progression or merit operation)
- Consider the likely attitude of staff and their desire to implement a nationally consistent structure

Identify enablers that exist within your service or organisation, which could include:

- National agenda such as the Pharmacy Action Plan
- District Health Board (DHB) or regional service development priorities
- Change champions in key positions
- Aspects of your current structure that support the proposed changes
- Relationships with unions / HR / DHB management



What are the drivers for this change in your organisation?

What are the potential enablers and barriers to assist you in engaging stakeholders?

### **Planning**

#### Project team

A project team (or teams) needs to be established early in the process. Consider the teams that are required for

- governance of the process
- ensuring adequate engagement and representation
- getting the work done
- taking responsibility for the decisions that need to be made, particularly the mapping of staff to the framework

Consider whether you need a steering group which has oversight of the process and is likely to consist of senior pharmacy staff, hospital management, HR and union representatives.

Or, will a mixed steering and working group meet your needs? Will you have one or more working project teams (to consider each staff group) who undertake the main work of the career structure review? The project team structure is likely to vary depending on the size of your organisation and standard work practices within it. Which group will set the overall goals of the review? This should be decided and terms of reference written.

Determine what representation is needed at what level. The final team structures should comprise sufficient participants to convene and lead the change management process.

Consider how often each team needs to meet, what resourcing will be required to enable this and what reporting processes will be required.

Once you have decided the overall structure of the team(s) consider how representatives will be selected, particularly pharmacy staff – will you call for volunteers, have a structured selection process, shoulder tap etc.?



How should project teams be structured in your organisation to enable action as well as oversight / governance?

Who will participate in these team(s) and how will they be selected?

What support is needed to ensure that the team(s) meets as frequently as needed?

#### Project plan

Once a team has been established a project plan should be written (your organisation is likely to have a standard project plan template, however if they don't the template in Appendix 9 may be of use) and the following aspects should be considered for inclusion:

- Description of the review process
- Any financial investment required for the set up and on-going sustainability of the framework, in terms of training, time and personnel. This should be off set against the benefits to the organisation. For example:
  - Improved staff retention which will decrease recruitment costs
  - Increased training and assessment costs will lead to improved and safer patient outcomes due to up skilling of staff
- Describe the workload what impact, if any, will there be on staff workload as a result of proposed changes and implementation of the National Career Framework. For example:
  - Department wide or group specific meetings may be increased
  - Time for individuals to review where they fit into the National Career Framework
  - On-going time commitment for training and evaluating etc.
- Provide a timeline for implementation that works for the organisation, staff and unions, where appropriate
- Provide a communication plan, including active communication and rolling notifications
- Give an overview of the proposed changes and outline how a transition plan will be formulated.
- Points where wider consultation is needed
- Outline your evaluation plan (see later section)

A well planned approach to implementation will incorporate strategies that motivate and empower staff, while at the same time ensuring management are on board and supportive of the planned changes.

It is important to remember that **implementation of the career framework is a process not an isolated event** and as such there will be continuing changes occurring.

For implementation of the framework the following processes should be considered:

- Staff should be split into staff grade and/or role groupings to discuss the framework and what it means to them; ideally all staff should be involved in this process
- Set a date for implementation (as discussed above)

#### Communication strategy

As part of the implementation plan, it is vital to ensure there is an agreed communication process. This needs to include:

- Who needs to be communicated with, in what formats and how often
- Who is the person responsible for ensuring communication occurs
- The timings of the communications
- How the views of staff and other stakeholders will be sought

Communication can be used to highlight the benefits of the process and the reason for the implementation of the career framework. Benefits could include

- To help develop staff skills with improved patient care
- To increase opportunities for career advancement
- To improve staff retention and recruitment
- To introduce a transparent and open process for merit progression

Regular workplace meetings to keep staff informed are important so that staff become active participants, which will help maintain the momentum of the project.

As part of the communication process all relevant stakeholders should be provided with the opportunity to comment on and contribute to the process and its implementation.

Highlight to staff what support is available to them through this process, including the following:

- Union representatives
- Employee Assistance Programme



What will your communication strategy / plan be?

### **Implementation**

#### Review of job descriptions

Ideally, all pharmacy job descriptions should be up to date and reflective of current roles before the role can be evaluated against the career framework. Person specifications need to be included to facilitate accurate and efficient matching.

It is worth noting that an alternative approach could be taken where the career framework and role profiles can be used to inform the updating of job descriptions, particularly if significant restructuring of staffing is being undertaken as part of this review.

#### Mapping out current structure

It is important to understand and map the current structure of the service before thoughts can move to the proposed National Career Framework. You may already have this drawn out. Points to consider include:

- How many staff are currently employed?
- Who do staff report to? Are there different lines of reporting or is it a flat structure?
- Are there different roles or expectations of the current staff members?
- Are staff on different salaries? What are these different salaries based on?



What does your current staffing structure look like?

#### Mapping roles to the framework

This is a multi-staged process undertaken by individuals and the project team(s) considering groups of staff. You may wish to undertake some of these activities in a workshop to create a supportive environment for the staff.

#### Input from individuals

Each staff member or role holder should be encouraged to undertake the following activities:

- Review what they do in a typical week
  - If the job varies from week to week, or month to month, or has specific cycles, then referring to their work diary may help to inform this process
- Write down examples of activities or behaviours for each domain, next to the level/s where they match
  - It is important to understand if these examples are person specific or role specific
- Review their job descriptions and highlight / annotate areas they are not currently undertaking or make comments on areas they believe they are undertaking but not currently included in their job description
- Review roles against the career framework, looking at what level they believe their role should be placed

Each staff member should consider both their role and their personal skill and knowledge set. Some role holders may have more experience or specific qualifications which are not a requirement for their current role, but may have been required in previous roles.



Where do current staff believe their roles sit on the framework?

#### Peer review

Peer review of the mapping process will be useful. Individuals can both underestimate or overestimate their position on the framework and having a peer to peer discussion could eliminate this gap.

#### Project team review

The project team review is a very sensitive process, particularly if there are significant difference between individual's and the team's assessment of the appropriate level, and must be handled carefully. The membership of the team undertaking this review should be considered carefully

The project team should keep the project goals in mind – will individuals or collective roles ultimately be mapped to the framework?

- Review all the individual job descriptions annotated by staff and ensure they are up to date and reflective of the role being undertaken
- Match the individual job descriptions and person specifications against the career framework profiles to identify possible criteria match
  - Information does not have to match the job descriptions exactly, but should be deemed to be equivalent, taking into consideration the aims of the National Career Framework for a nationally consistent approach
- Review the staff member's allocated level and compare this against the team match
- If the project team's and staff member's level mapping do not match revisit the original job description and consider the following questions:
  - Does the role holder believe they have a higher skill mix than is required for the role? If so, the team may wish to assess the financial implications of this and decide the best way forward for the organisation. The team will also need to consider how they will manage staff expectations to ensure that salary bands, position titles and progression criteria remain consistent with relevant local and/or national employment agreements.
  - Does the role holder have specific skills/qualifications/competencies that would elevate them to the next level?
- Define where a job holder sits within the framework
- Gain consensus between the project team (and ideally the individual) of what level and step the staff member will reside on within the career framework
- Depending on the level of agreement between the team's decision and the staff member's selfmapping, specific support should be made available to guide the staff member through this process

 Consideration should be given to the development of a local appeals process in conjunction with HR advisors and other appropriate parties.

#### Consistency of descriptors at a Level

In an ideal world all level descriptors for a role will be set at the same level. However, while we may work towards that, some variation is likely to be more realistic and can be accommodated for in the transitional phase.

Experience from the feasibility testing suggests that at least 70% of the domain descriptors should be set at the assigned level for a role to be designated at that level and that the:

- variations are not more than one level above or below specified level
- variations do not relate to the specific domain most relevant to the job description (that is clinical, technical or managerial specific domains)

If these criteria are not met then the role should be designated at the lower level.



Where does the project team (or appropriate sub-group of) believe roles should sit on the framework?

What process will you put in place to consider appeals to the mapping decision?

#### Map the service to the career framework

Initially the individual and project team mapping processes may not overlap. There may be too many or not enough staff at any one level, which potentially can highlight gaps in service provision. However, this may give management a tool to plan the future of the service as new services develop or natural attrition occurs.

Pharmacy services will require a range of staff across the framework levels. The following questions or comments came out of the feasibility testing and may be useful to consider during implementation:

- At which levels will the majority of staff sit?
  - Which levels will be leading the delivery of service?
- How will staff at levels 1 and 2 will be working?
  - Will these be training roles?
  - Will these be rotational roles?
  - Will they be positions for a specified number of years or will they be permanent roles?
- What support will recently registered pharmacists receive to ensure they gain the necessary skills and knowledge in the broad range of clinical and technical aspects of practice?
- If you operate an on-call service, at what level will you expect staff to contribute to this service?
- Specific roles at level 5 should support the achievement of organisational goals:
  - Where do level 5 roles fit in to your organisation?
  - Are they currently in existence?
  - Do they need to be created to fill gaps in the structure?

- What about future extended roles for both pharmacists and technicians, where would they fit?
- It is also important to consider new staff with previous experience in different environments: where would they fit into your structure:
  - Community pharmacists
  - Primary care clinical pharmacists
  - Academic pharmacists
  - Overseas pharmacists



Does the pattern of mapping decisions meet the service configuration needs?

#### Postgraduate qualifications

It is important to discuss as a pharmacy service what the plan is in regards to qualifications and how these will fit into your career framework.

The following are some questions and recommendations identified during the feasibility testing phase and may help with implementation:

- Will you include qualifications within your implementation plan, as recommended in the National Career Framework?
- Does your service currently fund postgraduate qualifications?
  - If yes, is this full funding or partial funding?
  - If no, what are the financial implications to the organisation?
- For those services that do not currently fund, or only partially fund postgraduate courses, how will this affect any qualification recommendations?
- How will you ensure staff who are practicing at a higher level but do not have specific postgraduate qualifications will be grand-parented over to the proposed structure now and into the future?
- Feasibility test sites recommended the words "or equivalent experience" be included in all resulting documents.



What will be the department's expectation of, and support for postgraduate qualifications?

#### **Evaluation and maintenance**

An evaluation plan as part of your project plan will help the team understand the impact the adoption of the career framework has had on practice, alongside the perception of how it has been received by staff. Therefore it is an integral part of the project.

It is important to learn from what went well and also from what didn't work so well during implementation. What learning can be applied to the next group of staff (if implementation was

undertaken in a staged approach), or shared with other organisations who are yet to go through the process.

Break down your monitoring and evaluation into short, medium and long term outcomes. The following are some examples to draw on in developing your own monitoring and evaluation plan.

#### Short term

- Is the time frame agreed at the beginning on target?
- Have communications and meetings been delivered as agreed?
- How many roles have been matched?
- Has an appeals process been instigated so staff know the correct method for an appeal?
- How many staff have appealed their level or step?
- Are all documents related to outcomes of levels and steps been secured in a safe manner for future reference?
- How many staff sit at each level within the National Career Framework?

#### Medium term

- Is the career profile embedded into the performance appraisal process?
- Were there any policies and procedures that need updating due to the implementation of the career framework? Have these been completed?
- Has the framework been embedded into the process of recruitment, succession planning and training needs analysis?

#### Longer term

- The NZHPA have developed a survey that can be used to track the longer term impact of the career framework on staff satisfaction with their career and development opportunities. This survey could be conducted before introduction of the framework, at 12 months and at 2-5 years. See Appendix 10 and 11 for questionnaires. Please contact NZHPA if you wish to undertake the questionnaire using SurveyMonkey™.
- Review how retention rates have changed from the few years prior to implementation to the few years after.
- Has there been any impact on recruitment rates or previously identified issues with recruitment?
- Consider the number of staff with postgraduate qualifications (certificate, diploma, other) and what level these staff were at when qualifications were gained. Is there a change from prior to implementation?
- Review the number of staff undertaking research and presenting their findings via conferences or publication in journal articles, before and after implementation of the National Career Framework.



What will your evaluation plan look like – for short, medium and long term impacts?

### **Future** work

The NZHPA National Hospital Pharmacy Framework is the first piece of work in what will be a suite of tools to help hospital pharmacy staff develop a systematic career structure to assist in the development of the profession to meet the needs of patients and the health service.

NZHPA is working on other aspects which will complement the framework. These include:

- A competency framework for pharmacists and pharmacy technicians
- Support for portfolio development
- Consistent naming for role titles

### Competency frameworks for pharmacists and pharmacy technicians

Access to the Royal Pharmaceutical Society's (RPS) Foundation and Advanced Pharmacy Frameworks and associated tools is currently being negotiated.

The Foundation Pharmacists Framework (and assessment tools) is a tool to support the development of pharmacists in their first 1000 days of practice and will support the development, and the demonstration of practice, at Levels 1 and 2 of the National Hospital Pharmacy Framework.

The RPS Foundation Pharmacists Framework is also applicable for pharmacy technicians working in more clinical roles as is a version produced by the Association of Pharmacy Technicians UK (APTUK) (see <a href="http://www.aptuk.org/about-us/education/foundation-pharmacy-frameworkfpf/">http://www.aptuk.org/about-us/education/foundation-pharmacy-frameworkfpf/</a>.) Both UK frameworks have limited application to the core technical roles of pharmacy technicians. However as more patient facing clinical roles develop in New Zealand it is likely to become a valuable tool and it's place within the NZHPA National Hospital Pharmacy Framework determined.

The RPS Advanced Pharmacy Framework builds on the foundation years and supports the development of both advanced and specialist practice. Access to credentialing of practice for NZ pharmacists by the RPS will be explored.

It is important to acknowledge the relative scarcity of supporting information for pharmacy technician and assistant overviews. This reflects the relative lack of comparable information available internationally and the greater variability in practice making it more challenging to directly utilise international tools.

#### **Portfolios**

Internationally there is a strong trend in the development of portfolios to demonstrate competence with external review and credentialing. The development of a portfolio (and credentialing process) enables pharmacists to differentiate themselves from other job candidates and colleagues, to demonstrate their level of practice to other healthcare colleagues and develop further using feedback and a professional development plan.

NZHPA will be looking at how they can support members to compile their own portfolios.

# Naming for role titles

At present NZHPA have made no attempt to suggest role titles at the various levels due to the diversity of titles in current use. If however, there is an appetite from the profession to address this issue and create standardisation of role titles, then this could be co-ordinated by NZHPA.

# Acknowledgements

### Feasibility test sites

We would like to thank the following Hospital Pharmacy Departments for inviting NZHPA to conduct a workshop looking at the National Career Structure within their DHB.

Auckland DHB

Bay of Plenty DHB

Counties Manukau DHB

Nelson Marlborough DHB

Waitemata DHB

### Framework development consultation

During the development phase of the framework consultation was undertaken with hospital pharmacy staff in a number of fora –from the pharmacy managers' group, at workshops held in Christchurch, Wellington and Auckland and an online survey open to all staff nationally.

We would like to thank all the pharmacy managers and staff who responded to the consultation and in particular the following people who gave their time in the workshops.

Attendee name	Role	Place of work (at time of workshop)
	Pharmacist Prescribing	
Adele Print	Programme Coordinator	Universities of Auckland & Otago
Ahmed Marmoush	Pharmacist	Middlemore Hospital
Anne Blumgart	Pharmacist	Middlemore Hospital
Bevan Clayton-Smith	Pharmacist Prescriber	Palmerston North Hospital
Bevan Harden	Pharmacist	Christchurch Hospital
Brenda Edwards	Technician	Hawke's Bay Hospital
Bronwyn Baiteary	Technician	Christchurch Hospital
Craig McKenzie	Pharmacy Manager	Dunedin Hospital
Denise Tai	Pharmacist	Wellington Hospital
Dianne Gulliver	Technician	Auckland Hospital
Eunice Cu	Pharmacist	Hutt Hospital
Fiona McNabb	Pharmacist	Waikato Hospital
Greg Oldridge	Pharmacist	Nelson Marlborough DHB
Jacky Chan	Pharmacist	Middlemore Hospital
Jo Tatler	Pharmacist	Taranaki Base Hospital
Joanna Batcup	Technician	Christchurch Hospital

Joanne Lang Technician Invercargill Hospital Johanna Lim Pharmacist Hawke's Bay Hospital

Leonie Hurrell Technician **Nelson Hospital** Naomi Wood Pharmacist **Auckland Hospital** Nicki Thomson Technician Wellington Hospital Nicola Bell **Pharmacist** Wellington Hospital

Nicola Rowbottom **Pharmacy Manager** Timaru Hospital

Paul Barrett **Pharmacy Manager Christchurch Hospital** Pip Bull **Technician Greymouth Hospital** Prathna Singh Technician Middlemore Hospital Rachael Turnbull Pharmacy Manager Invercargill Hospital Robyn Langford Technician Whangerei Hospital Sandra Edmondsen **Technician** Christchurch Hospital Sanjoy Nand

Sharon Elrick Pharmacist Wairau Hospital Sian Dawson **Pharmacist Auckland Hospital** Pharmacist **Tracey Makinson Greymouth Hospital** Trish Moy Pharmacist **Auckland Hospital** 

Pharmacy Manager

### Project team

Nick Leach Feasibility testing project lead (Phase 3)

Framework Development Lead (Phase 2) Reena Chauhan

Consultation Lead (Phase 1) Jill Wrapson

NZHPA National Career Framework Working Group Kim Brackley

Chris Jay

Sanja Mirkov (Phase 1 only)

Middlemore Hospital

# **Appendices**

Appendix 1 Pharmacy career structure overview



# Pharmacist career structure overview

Pharmacist level (encompasses all 3 pathways - clinical/technical/managerial	Expected Qualifications (guidance only)	Expected knowledge, skills and behaviours at entry to each level - see profile overview <sup>1</sup>	Suggested competency level (to progress to next level)
All staff must comply with conditions of employment and have a current APC with scope of practice that allows the duties of their job to be undertaken <sup>2</sup>			
Intern pharmacist	Degree in Pharmacy. Registration as an intern with Pharmacy Council of NZ	All domains - Intern	EVOLVE requirements
Level 1 Pharmacist	Registration as a pharmacist with	All domains at Level 1	RPS Foundation Pharmacist Framework
Level 1 Filalillacist	Pharmacy Council of NZ		(RPS, UK); <u>SHPAClinCAT</u> (SHPA, Australia)
Level 2 Pharmacist	Certificate in Clinical Pharmacy or equivalent experience	All domains at Level 2	RPS Foundation Pharmacist Framework
Level 2 Filalillacist			(RPS, UK); <u>SHPAClinCAT</u> (SHPA, Australia)
	Certificate through to Diploma in Clinical		RPS Advanced Pharmacy Framework (RPS,
Level 3 Pharmacist	Pharmacy or equivalent experience. May consider starting a pharmacist prescriber qualification at this level	All core domains + at least one specific domain at Level 3	UK) Advanced Stage 1 level
Level 3 Filalillacist			Advanced Pharmacy Practice Framework
			(Australia) Transition level
	Doctoreducto suglification valouent to over		RPS Advanced Pharmacy Framework (RPS,
Level 4 Pharmacist	Postgraduate qualification relevant to area of practice or equivalent experience. May have a pharmacist prescriber qualification	All core domains + at least one specific domain at Level 4	UK) Advanced Stage II level
Level 4 Filalillacist			Advanced Pharmacy Practice Framework
			(Australia) Consolidation level
	Doctore ducto qualification relavorates		RPS Advanced Pharmacy Framework (RPS,
Level 5 Pharmacist	Postgraduate qualification relevant to area of practice or equivalent experience. May have a pharmacist prescriber qualification	Core domains + at least one specific domain at Level 5	UK) Advanced Mastery level
Level 3 i Haimacist			Advanced Pharmacy Practice Framework
	The state of the s		(Australia) Advanced level

#### Notes

- 1. Levels act as a guide based on generic job profiles for the three main pathways assuming a single route of progression. Specialised roles may require levels to be tailored to individual job requirements
- 2. Criteria relating to mental/physical requirements and terms & conditions have not been included in the domains as it is assumed that these aspects will be covered by general employment contracts for each organisation

# Appendix 2 Pharmacy Technician career structure overview



# Technician career structure overview

Technician level (encompasses all 3 pathways - clinical/technical/managerial	Expected Qualifications (guidance only)	Expected knowledge, skills and behaviours at entry to each level - see profile overview1	Suggested competency level (to progress to next level)	
	All staff must comply with conditions of employment and work within scope of practice2			
Trainee Technician	Employed as trainee technician and undertaking an approved NZQA Level 4 or 5 programme	All domains at trainee level		
Level 1 Technician	New Zealand Certificate in Pharmacy (Technician) Level 5	All domains at Level 1		
Level 2 Technician		All domains at Level 2		
Level 3 Technician		All core domains + at least one specific domain at Level 3		
Level 4 Technician	New Zealand Certificate in Pharmacy (Specialist Technician) Level 6	All core domains + at least one specific domain at Level 4		
Level 5 Technician		Core domains + at least one specific domain at Level 5		

#### Notes

- 3. Levels act as a guide based on generic job profiles for the three main pathways assuming a single route of progression. Specialised roles may require levels to be tailored to individual job requirements
- 4. Criteria relating to mental/physical requirements and terms & conditions have not been included in the domains as it is assumed that these aspects will be covered by general employment contracts for each organisation

# Appendix 3 Pharmacy Assistant career structure overview



# Pharmacy assistant career structure overview

Assistant level	Expected Qualifications (guidance only)	Expected knowledge, skills and behaviours at entry to each level - see profile overview	Suggested competency level (to progress to next level)
	All staff must comply with conditions of employment and work within scope of practice <sup>1</sup>		
Level 1 Assistant		All domains at Level 1	
Level 2 Assistant	New Zealand Certificate in Pharmacy (Introduction to Pharmacy Practice) Level 3	All domains at Level 2	
Level 3 Assistant		All domains at Level 3	

#### Notes

1. Criteria relating to mental/physical requirements and terms & conditions have not been included in the domains as it is assumed that these aspects will be covered by general employment contracts for each organisation

# Appendix 4 Pharmacist profile

See accompanying Profile appendix

# Appendix 5 Pharmacy Technician profile

See accompanying Profile appendix

# Appendix 6 Pharmacy Assistant profile

See accompanying Profile appendix

# Appendix 7 Resources planning worksheet

# Resources planning worksheet

Phase	Resources required	Est. time/cost
Leadership Establishing teams Educational/awareness raising assessing clinical practice against the guidelines Environmental readiness	Examples - time for meetings, meeting venue/room, staff release for education, to undertake audits, observations and surveys	
Solutions and strategies Identifying tools, solutions and brainstorming strategies	Examples: Meeting time Research time to identify tools Time to develop tools	
Stakeholders Identification, communication and engagement activities	Examples: Focus groups Staff/departmental meetings Seminars	
Implementation Promotion and behaviour changing activities	Examples: Time to develop resources Poster production, presentations at key meetings, newsletter, posters on each unit Staff replacement to attend education and meetings Data entry, analysis and report	
Evaluation stage  Data generation,  analysis/review and report  production	Examples: data entry and analysis, interviews incentives to reward progress Stationery costs (printing, photocopying) Reporting	

Adapted from Registered Nurses Association of Ontario (RNAO, 2002)

Toolkit – Implementation of Clinical Practice Guidelines - budget worksheet

# Appendix 8 Stakeholder assessment worksheet

#### Stakeholder assessment worksheet

Key stakeholder	Nature of the vested interest	Stakeholder Influence & I support (high, and low)		Management strategies	Revise
		Influence	Support		
Example: Managers	Example: Improving clinical services Meeting accreditation requirements Reducing incidents Being the best unit/facility Retaining staff Reducing OH&S incidents	High	High	Example: Collaborate on all phases of the project Include on leadership team Frequent updates on progress	

<sup>\*</sup> Adapted from Registered Nurses Association of Ontario (RNAO, 2002): Implementation of Clinical Practice Guidelines

## Appendix 9 Project plan template

### Project background

This page to be completed I	This page to be completed by the project management team					
Project Title	Provide a succinct title for the project					
Project Aim:	Overall aim of the project					
Project Background	Brief outline of the project, consider including the problem or practice gap					
Project Benefits	This Project will result in the following outcomes:					
Outline the benefits of implementing the National Career Structure to your organisation	- - -					
Project Objectives	The overarching project objectives are:					
NOTE: use SMART objectives  Specific Measurable Achievable Relevant Timely						

# Scope of the project in your pharmacy department

# Organisational Context

Why is implementation of the National Career Structure important to your organisation? Short brief statements with outcomes that creates your localised goals for implementation

organisation?						
This project will include:		This project will not include:				
Eg which groups of staff or all	staff	What is out of scope – consider activities that may be peripheral to the project, possibly nice to do but not core to the project aims.				
Project Deliverables: What you will deliver at the end of the project.	NOTE: these are the products you will have at the end of the project, e.g. an established nationally consistent career framework, a updated performance appraisal document that reflects the National Career Structure, decision regarding qualifications etc.					
Success Criteria:  How you will measure the success of the project?	NOTE: the success criteria must be long term goals	pe specific and measurable and may cover short, medium and				

Resources:	NOTE: important to be fair and reasonable.
Resources.	Consider: people, union representation, Human Resource personal, space to meet and time to
What are the resources	review job descriptions etc.
required to undertake the	
project?	
Linkages:	NOTE: What the potential opportunities for this project to link with existing organisational activity?
Are there opportunities	Are there opportunities for this project to gain leverage from or provide support to other
for this project to gain	pharmacy departments that are also undertaking implementation of the National Career
leverage from or provide	Structure?
support to other safety	
and quality project	
already underway in your	
organisation?	

### Risk plan

#### Consider the risks early

Assumptions	Constraints
Project assumptions are circumstances and events that need to occur for the project to be successful but are outside the total control of the project team. They are listed as assumptions if there is a HIGH probability that they will in fact happen.  What are the actions required to mitigate the risk based on assumptions	Project Constraints are aspects about the project that cannot be changed and are limiting in nature. Constraints generally surround four major areas:  What are the actions required to mitigate the risk based on assumptions?
Work Breakdown:	
The work breakdown will be developed from the implementation action plan	
Time Frame & Milestones:	
Insert key dates and milestones from action plan.	

### Communication plan

Who is important to make this project successful?

Stakeholders	Who	What are their information needs	How & when will we provide them information
e.g. Pharmacy staff, organisational management etc	e.g. Dr's, nurses, allied health	e.g. data related to current structure, benefits to introduction etc	e.g. newsletter, staff meetings, executive briefings

#### Stakeholder assessment Who is important to make this project successful? Key Stakeholder Nature of the Stakeholder Stakeholder Management vested interest support strategies influence (high/low) (high/low) e.g. Manager e.g. Improving staff High High e.g. Include on project team, collaborate on all phases of retention the project Project team roles Are the team members clear about their roles? Nominate the Executive Sponsor **Executive Sponsor** Role of the Executive Sponsor Nominate the Project Team Coordinator **Project Team** Role of the Project Team Coordinator Coordinator: Nominate the Project Team Members **Project Team** Role of Project Team Members Members: Title **Project Key** Name Contacts: **Email** List the contact details for key people working on or Phone involved with this project **Review Process:** Insert details of meeting schedules and review processes Start Date: **Completion Date: Executive Sponsor** Name: Signature & Date: I have read and reviewed this project plan and agree to support the

This template has been adapted from the Project Planning Template developed by the National Health and Medical Research Council, National Institute of Clinical Studies 2007, for local site based implementation activities

implementation project.

### Appendix 10 NZHPA pharmacist career framework questionnaire

#### NZHPA pharmacist Career Framework Questionnaire

To gather data that will help NZHPA review the career framework and how it fits in to the New Zealand hospital system, we encourage you to complete this survey prior to implementing the National Career Framework and again after implementation to measure the impact of the National Career Framework.

This first set of questions looks at you in your current role and what roles, duties and functions you perform and what qualifications and experience you bring to the role.

Numb		years			
Numb	Number of years working in current hospital?				
What	year did you gain registration as a pharmacist?				_
What i	s your job title				
	area of hospital pharmacy do you currently work in? (please indicates i.e. tick only one box)	dicate	the <u>ma</u>	ı <u>in</u> area	that
	Clinical Pharmacy				
	Dispensary				
	Management				
	Manufacturing				
	Medication Safety / Governance				
	Medicines Information				
	Procurement / Formulary				
	Other				
-	u hold any of the following post graduate qualifications? (pleas cation that applies i.e. tick only one box )per qualification type PG Certificate in Pharmacy Practice/Clinical Pharmacy PG Certificate (other) please specify	e indi	cate the	e highes	t
	PG Diploma in Pharmacy Practice/Clinical Pharmacy				
	PG Diploma (other)  please specify				
	Masters of Clinical Pharmacy (or similar)				
	Doctorate (PhD)				
Have y	ou completed the PG Certificate in Pharmacist Prescribing?	Yes		No	
Are yo	u registered as a pharmacist prescriber?	Yes		No	

pharn	ou hold any other qualifications that are not specific to nacy but are relevant to your job?  please indicate	Yes		No		
Are y	ou currently studying for any qualifications?	Yes		No		
	PG Certificate in Pharmacy Practice/Clinical Pharmacy					
	PG Certificate (other)  please specify					
	PG Diploma in Pharmacy Practice/Clinical Pharmacy					
	PG Diploma (other) please specify					
	Masters of Clinical Pharmacy (or similar)					
	Doctorate (PhD)					
	PG Certificate in Pharmacist Prescribing					
Are y	ou an NZHPA member?	Yes		No		
-	ou a member of a NZHPA SIG group?	Yes		No		
IJ YES,	, to which ones (tick all that apply) Mental Health					
	Clinical Nutrition and Oncology					
	Medicines Information and Clinical Pharmacy					
	Technician					
	Pharmacy Managers					
frequ	ou actively engaged in any NZHPA chat groups? eg: you are ently (ie minimum monthly) asking questions or replying to nents or questions via email or social media	Yes		No		
	e last 12 months have you been involved in auditing an	Yes		No		
•	ou initiate or lead this audit?	Yes		No		
	you been involved with and contributed to other multi- linary audits of service?	Yes		No		
Have	you been involved in or completed any of the following?					
Data	collection for someone else's research with your DHB?	Yes		No		
Unde	rtaken own practice based research?	Yes		No		
Involv	ved in a national research project?	Yes		No		
Have	you published results of any research?	Yes	П	No	П	

-	ou a representative on any committee outside of the				
•	nacy department?	Yes		No	
	n your hospital			No	
On reg	gional or national groups	Yes	Ц	No	Ц
In the	last 12 months have you been involved in any of the ving?				
Writin	ng of bulletins for distribution within the hospital	Yes		No	
	buted to the development of protocols and/or guidelines as f a wider team	Yes		No	
Contri	buted to the implementation of protocols and/or guidelines	Yes		No	
Led th	e development of protocols and/or guidelines	Yes		No	
Writin	ng of business cases	Yes		No	
Do yo areas?	u provide input into strategic plans in any of the following				
Withir	n your area of the pharmacy department	Yes		No	
Withir	n the wider pharmacy department	Yes		No	
Withir	n your service area (ie outside your department)	Yes		No	
Withir	n your organisation	Yes		No	
Outsic	de your organisation (eg regional or national)	Yes		No	
ward	ou involved in service redesign within your department, or service?  please give details:	Yes		No	
•	u provide training of others within the pharmacy tment?	Yes		No	
If yes	please complete the below (tick all that apply)				
	In-service or workplace based training				
	Preceptor for interns or technicians				
Do yo	u provide any of the following education to patients?  One to one counselling	Yes		No	
$\sqcup$	Patient groups				

Do you membe	•	cational assista	eam Yes		No			
If yes p	lease complet	te the below (tid	k all that	apply)				
		Community based	One to one	Teaching at study days	Formal in-service	Unive lectu	-	Mentoring
Nursin	g						]	
Medica	al						]	
Allied H	Health							
Are you involved in the development of DHB wide education and/or training?							No	
-	u involved in ducation and		and/or m	onitoring of DHE	Yes		No	
Are you recognised as a specialist within the pharmacy department?				Yes		No		
Are you recognised as a specialist within your hospital?				Yes		No		
Are you recognised as a specialist throughout the country?				Yes		No		
Are you regularly consulted by other people or groups of staff about your speciality?					<b>ff</b> Yes		No	
Do you membe	-	anagement resp	onsibility	for other staff	Yes		No	
If yes h	ow many peo	ple are you resp	onsible fo	r?				
-	i have manag f pharmacy?	ement or super	vision res	ponsibility for a	n Yes		No	
Are you		developing nev	v roles for	the pharmacy	Yes		No	
Would	-	the main part	of your ro	le to be in:				
	Technical pra							
	Clinical pract							
	-	nd managemen	ι					
Ц	Other  Please specif	īv						

Are there other staff in similar roles or we perform similar duties in comparable are If yes please described details (do not incl	eas?	] No [	Unsure 🔲
Are other staff being trained / prepared to yours?	to deliver a role simila	r Yes 🗀	] No 🗖
This next set of questions is lookir progression.	ng at your feelings	and beliefs	s around career
Questions will be asked of your I not been in your role for 12 monbeen there.	•		· ·
Thinking about the things you would mounimportant are the following factors to (Mark one column for each factor)		Somewhat	Little or no me importance to
Pay and benefits	П	П	me
Challenging work	П	_	П
Feeling of accomplishment			
Opportunities for advancement			
Job security			
Manageable workload			
Thinking about the job you have now, he factors? (Mark one column for each factor	•	r <u>own job</u> agai	nst the following
Pay and benefits	Good	Average	Poor
Challenging work			
Feeling of accomplishment			
Opportunities for advancement			
Job security			
Manageable workload			

Ininking	about your career, which of these, if	any, apply t	o you? (//	lark all that	арріу)				
	I feel I have already achieved all I want to achieve in my career								
	I see my current position as a training ground for my next career move within my current hospital								
	I see my current hospital as a traini hospital/organisation	ng ground f	or a caree	r move to a	nother				
	I want to work in a higher-level pos	ition							
	I want to become an expert in my field								
	I am prepared to move into another work area to develop my career								
	I am prepared to move to another geographical area to develop my career								
	None of these								
	I have other plans for my career (pl	ease specify	/):						
•	rou rate the following in your hospita ne column for each factor)	1?							
(Wark on	ic column for cach factory	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree or disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree			
	ership in my hospital strongly ny career development								
	and what the key skills and es are that the organization requires kt 5 years								
	and the career development ny of the organisation								
	and what my own role is in my velopment through a clear and well-policy								
_	s are adequately trained to support r development policy with their staff								
organisat	ormance appraisal process in my ion places sufficient emphasis on velopment								
available	ng projects or assignments are to staff who want to take advantage portunity to build new skills								

My hospital provides additional support and tools to me to help in my careers development efforts (supervision mentorin training etc)	П		3							
There is a good process in place to understand and address the key drivers for staff motivation, including those related to career development			]							
How important are the following factors in your career development.										
(Mark one column for each factor)	Highly important	Somewhat		Little/no						
	to me	important to	me	importan	ce to me					
On the job training										
Training courses and seminars										
Study leave										
Secondment to work in other areas					]					
Acting in higher positions										
Gaining experience in a range of areas										
Working on special projects										
Demonstrating my skills & experience										
Feedback on my career development needs										
Access to mentoring/coaching										
In your current hospital within the past 12 been anything else that you feel has <u>helpe</u> your career?  If YES, please describe		Voc		No						
In your current hospital within the past 12 been anything else that you feel has made develop in your career?  If YES, please describe	•			] No						

Do you believe that implementation of a career framework within your DHB will allow career progression for you?  Please expand on why you think this	Yes	No	Unsure	
Any other comments:				

Appendix 11 M	NZHPA technician	career framework	questionnaire
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#### NZHPA technician career framework questionnaire

To gather data that will help NZHPA review the career framework and how it fits in to the New Zealand hospital system, we encourage you to complete this survey prior to implementing the National Career Framework and again after implementation to measure the impact of the National Career Framework.

This first set of questions looks at you in your current role and what roles, duties and functions you perform and what qualifications and experience you bring to the role.

Numbe	er of years working in current job?	years
Numbe	er of years working in current hospital?	years
What y	rear did you start working as a pharmacy technician?	
What is	s your job title	
	irea of hospital pharmacy do you currently work in? (please indicate the <u>main</u> area the i.e. tick only one box)	at
	Clinical	
	Dispensary	
	Distribution	
	Inventory	
	Management	
	Manufacturing	
	Procurement / Formulary	
	Other	
•	hold any of the following qualifications? (please indicate the highest qualification the i.e. tick only one box )per qualification type Pharmacy Technician or Dispensary Assistant (awarded by PSNZ)	at
	National Certificate in Pharmacy (Technician)	
	NZ Certificate in Pharmacy (Pharmacy Technician) Level 4	
	NZ Certificate in Pharmacy (Pharmacy Technician) Level 5	
	NZ Certificate in Pharmacy (Specialist Technician) Level 6	
	Pharmacy Accuracy Checking Technician	
	Other	

pharn	u hold any other qualifications that are not specific to nacy but are relevant to your job?  please indicate	Yes		No		
Are yo	ou currently studying for any qualifications?	Yes		No		
	NZ Certificate in Pharmacy (Pharmacy Technician) Level 4					
	NZ Certificate in Pharmacy (Pharmacy Technician) Level 5					
	NZ Certificate in Pharmacy (Specialist Technician) Level 6					
	Pharmacy Accuracy Checking Technician					
	Other					
Are yo	ou an NZHPA member? Ou a member of a NZHPA SIG group? It to which ones (tick all that apply)	Yes Yes		No No		
	Technician					
	Mental Health					
	Clinical Nutrition and Oncology					
	Medicines Information and Clinical Pharmacy					
freque	cou actively engaged in any NZHPA chat groups? eg: you are ently (ie minimum monthly) asking questions or replying to ents or questions via email or social media  Technician chat group	Yes		No		
	All members chat group					
	last 12 months have you been involved in data collection auditing of an aspect of your service?	Yes		No		
If yes	to the above questions, did you initiate or lead this audit?	Yes		No		
	you been involved with and contributed to other multi- linary audits of service?	Yes		No		
Have	you undertaken you own practice based research?	Yes		No		
Have	you been involved in or completed any of the following?					
Data o	collection for someone else's research with your DHB?	Yes		No		
Under	rtaken own practice based research?	Yes		No		
	ed in a national research project?	Yes		No		
	you published results of any research?	Yes	П	No	П	

Are you a representative on any committee outside of the pharmacy department?				
Within your hospital	Yes		No	
On regional or national groups	Yes		No	
In the last 12 months have you?				
Presented to pharmacy department in-services?	Yes		No	
Updated policy and procedures within your area of practice?	Yes		No	
Developed policy and procedures within your area of practice?	Yes		No	
Worked with other departments to improve practice and/or patient outcomes?	Yes		No	
Led the integration of national policy or guidelines into practice?	Yes		No	
Over the last 12 months were you involved in any of the following?				
Participation in orientation of new staff?	Yes		No	
Co-ordinating training for your service or team?	Yes		No	
Developing and/or updating training packages?	Yes		No	
Development of service level projects?	Yes		No	
Implementation of service level projects?	Yes		No	
Writing of business cases	Yes		No	
Do you provide input into strategic plans in any of the following areas?				
Within your area of the pharmacy department	Yes		No	
Within the wider pharmacy department	Yes		No	
Within your service area (ie outside your department)	Yes		No	
Within your organisation	Yes		No	
Outside your organisation (eg regional or national)	Yes		No	
Are you involved in any of the following financial aspects of the pharmacy department?  Do you create reports on financial aspects within your area?	Voc	П	No	П
Do you generate regular reports (e.g. monthly) regarding	Yes	Ц	No	Ц
workload statistics?	Yes		No	

#### areas? Within your area of the pharmacy department Yes П No Within the wider pharmacy department Yes No Within your organisation Yes No Are you involved in service redesign within your department, Yes No ward or service? If YES please give details: Do you provide training of others within the pharmacy No Yes department? If yes please complete the below (tick all that apply) In-service or workplace based training П Preceptor for student technicians П No Do you provide any of the following education to patients? Yes П One to one counselling Patient groups Do you provide educational assistance to other health care team No members? Yes If yes please describe Do you have any management responsibility for other staff Yes No members? If yes how many people are you responsible for? Do you have management or supervision responsibility for an П Yes No area of pharmacy? Do you participate in staff recruitment? Yes No Are you involved in developing new roles for the pharmacy Yes No department?

Do you provide input into strategic plans in any of the following

Woul	d you consider the main part of your	role to be in:		
	Technical practice			
	Clinical practice			
	Leadership and management			
	Other			
	Please specify			
perfo	nere other staff in similar roles or who rm similar duties in comparable areas please described details (do not includ	s? Yes L	] No 🗖	Unsure 🗖
Are o	ther staff being trained / prepared to urs?	deliver a role simila	r Yes 🗖	No 🗖
	next set of questions is looking gression.	gat your feelings	and beliefs a	around career
not k	stions will be asked of your las been in your role for 12 month n there.	-		<u>-</u>
unim	ing about the things you would most portant are the following factors to you come column for each factor)		<u>eal</u> job, how impo	ortant or
		Highly important to me	Somewhat important to me	Little or no importance to me
Pay aı	nd benefits			
Challe	enging work			
Feelin	g of accomplishment			
Орро	rtunities for advancement			
Job se	ecurity			
Mana	geable workload			

Thinking about the job you have now, how would you rate your <u>own job</u> against the following factors? (Mark one column for each factor)								
14000101 (1		Good		Average	ĺ	Poor		
Pay and be	enefits							
Challengin	g work							
Feeling of	accomplishment							
Opportuni	ties for advancement							
Job securi	ty							
Manageab	ole workload							
Thinking a	bout your career, which of these, if a	any, apply t	o you? (M	ark all that	apply)			
	I feel I have already achieved all I w	ant to achie	ve in my c	areer				
	I see my current position as a training hospital	ng ground f	or my next	career mo	ve within n	ny current		
	I see my current hospital as a training hospital/organisation	ng ground f	or a careei	move to a	nother			
	I want to work in a higher-level pos	ition						
	I want to become an expert in my fi	ield						
	I am prepared to move into anothe	r work area	to develo <sub>l</sub>	o my career	r			
	I am prepared to move to another g	geographica	l area to d	evelop my	career			
	None of these							
	I have other plans for my career (plans)	ease specify	r):					
•	How do you rate the following in your hospital?  (Mark one column for each factor)  Strongly Agree Agree or Disagree Strongly							
The leader	rship in my hospital strongly	agree		disagree		disagree		
	y career development							
I understand what the key skills and capabilities are that the organization requires  in the next 5 years								
I understand the career development philosophy of the organisation								

		_		
our career de	velopmen	t.		
ghly importan	t Somev	vhat	Little/no	ce to me
	t Somev		Little/no importanc	ce to me
ghly importan	t Somev	vhat	_	ce to me
ghly importan	t Somev	vhat	_	ce to me
ghly importan	t Somev	vhat	_	ce to me
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ghly importan	t Somev	vhat	_	ce to me
ghly importan	t Somev	vhat	_	ce to me
ghly importan	t Somev	vhat	_	ce to me
	_			

In your current hospital within the past 12 months, has there been anything else that you feel has <u>helped</u> you to develop in your career?  If YES, please describe	Yes	No	
In your current hospital within the past 12 months, has there been anything else that you feel has made it difficult for you to develop in your career?  If YES, please describe	Yes	No	
Do you believe that implementation of a career framework within your DHB will allow career Yes progression for you?  Please expand on why you think this	No	Unsure	
Any other comments:			